

Australian Government

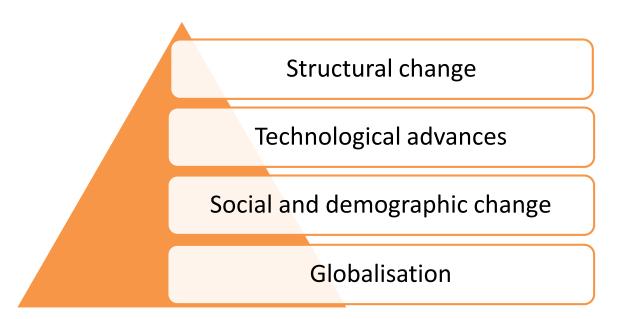
Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business

Improving the employment prospects of young people

A resource for career practitioners

Labour Market Research and Analysis Branch Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business June 2019

The labour market is evolving...



Some jobs are disappearing as a result of technology...

• Switchboard operators, typists and milkmen

Some jobs have grown due to social and demographic change...

• Aged and disabled care workers, fitness instructors, baristas and chefs

And new jobs are being created due to technology advances...

• 3D printing designers, cyber security engineers and big data analysts

...and the way we work is also changing

Is the "9 to 5" job a thing of the past?

- Increased flexibility as the new normal
- Rising self-employment, contract work, project work and entrepreneurship
- Holding a portfolio of jobs is becoming more common
- Increasing job mobility and multiple career changes
- Lifelong learning is essential and not optional

More than 1 million Australians now hold a secondary job

Source: Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, Australian Jobs 2019; Mark McCrindle, The ABC of XYZ, 2014; ABS, Labour Account Australia, Quarterly Experimental Estimates, December 2018



Choosing a path is becoming more complex for students

Life goals

What do they want out of life? Do they want to travel? Is family important?

Interests & passion

What are their interests and what will motivate them to go to work?

Work preferences

Do they want to work outdoors or inside? Do they want to work with people or with computers?

Aptitude

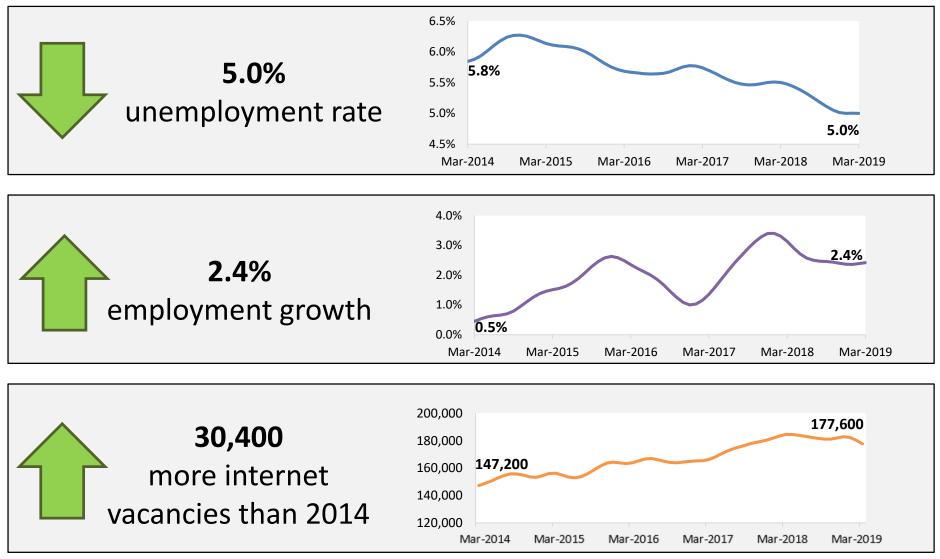
What are they good at:

- Numbers?
- Words?
- Working with their hands?
- Working with people?

Training requirements

For this career, do they need VET or university qualifications, or on-the-job training?

The Australian labour market is doing well



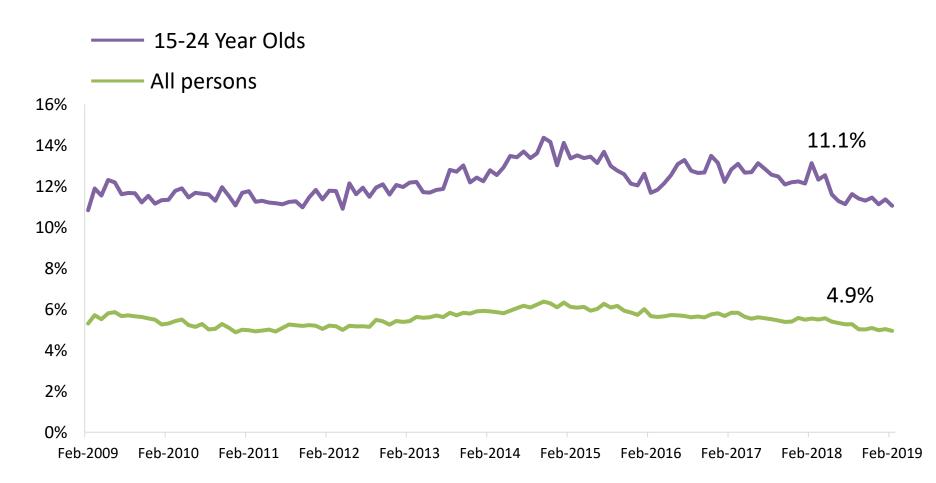
Arrows indicate change since March 2014.

Source: ABS, Labour Force Survey, March 2019, trend data;

Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, vacancy report, March 2019, trend data

But youth unemployment is a persistent challenge...

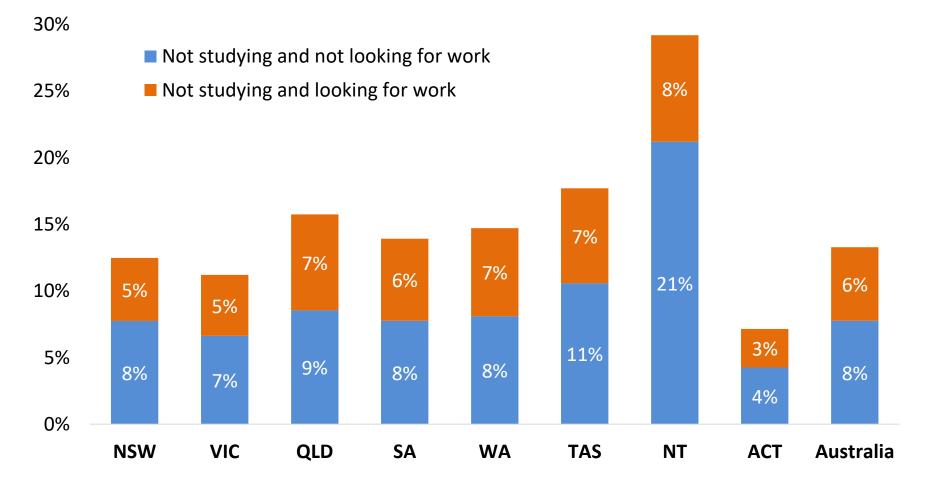
Unemployment rates, Australia, February 2019



Source: ABS, Labour Force Survey, February 2019, seasonally adjusted data and 12-month averages

...and many young people are not working nor studying

18-24 year olds



There are resources to help students find pathways to employment

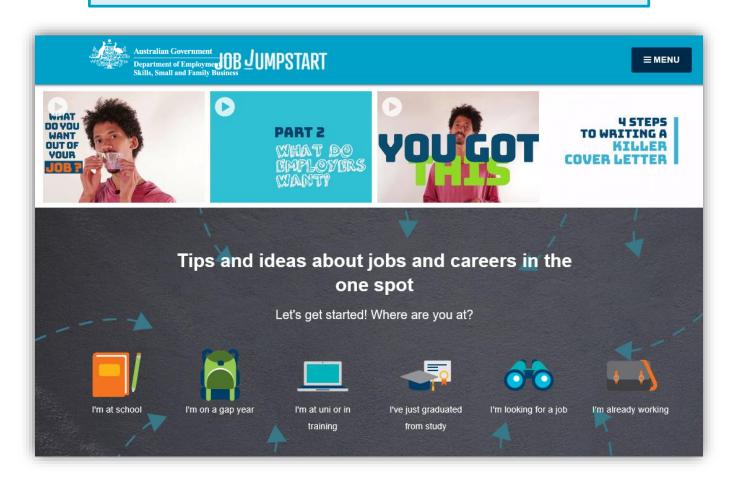
Future Outlook on joboutlook.gov.au



Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, June 2019

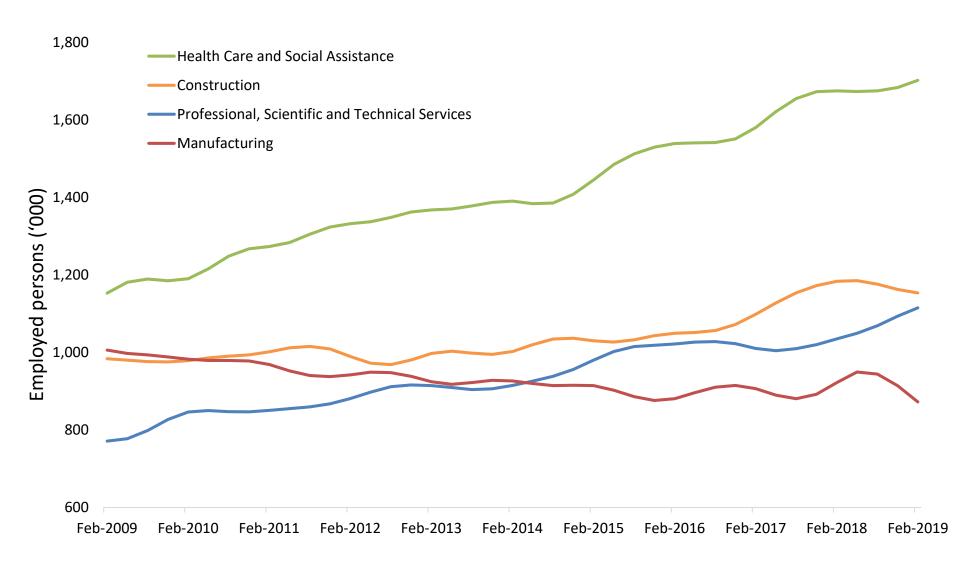
There are resources to help students find pathways to employment

Insights on jobjumpstart.gov.au



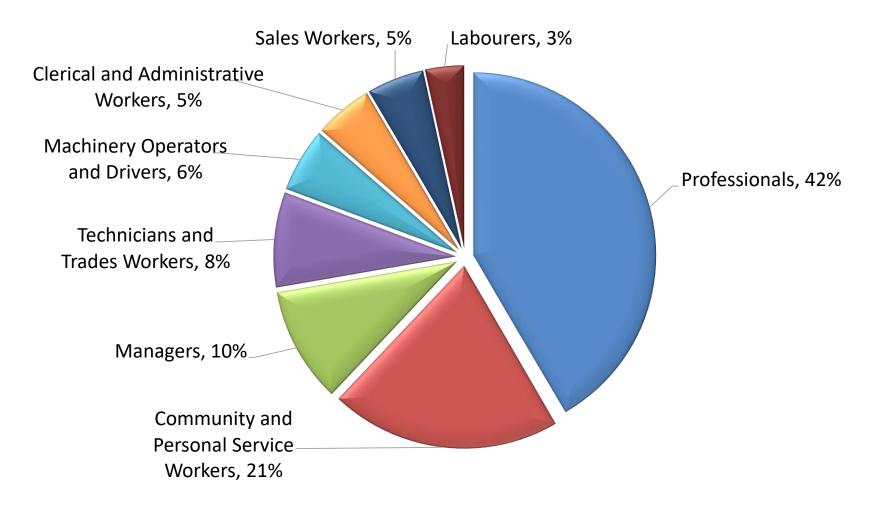
Things have changed in the last 10 years

Employed persons ('000), selected industries, Australia



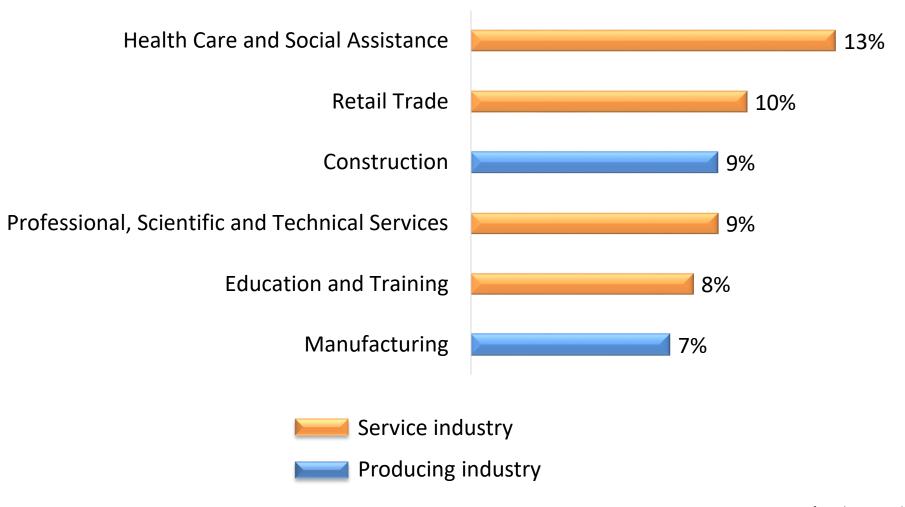
Professional occupations have accounted for most growth in the last 10 years

Proportion of jobs growth February 2009 to February 2019, Australia



Currently, services industries are the largest employers...

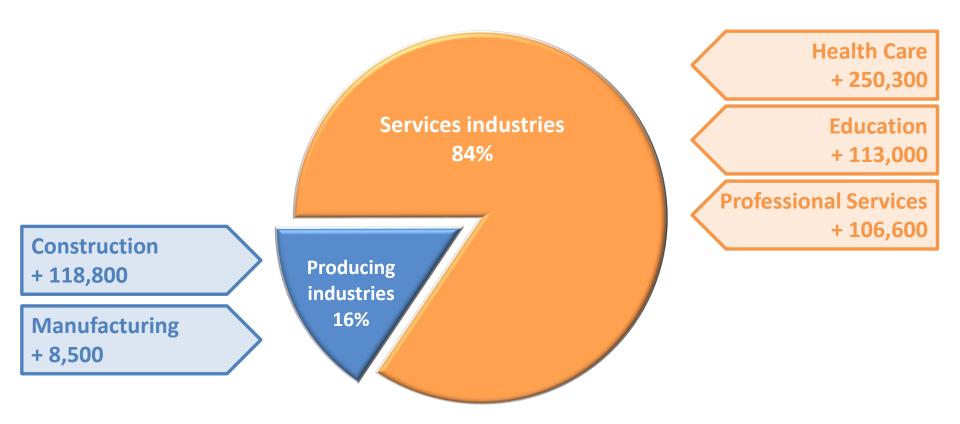
Proportion of total employment by industry, Australia, as at February 2019



Source: ABS, Labour Force Survey, quarterly data, February 2019, 12-month average

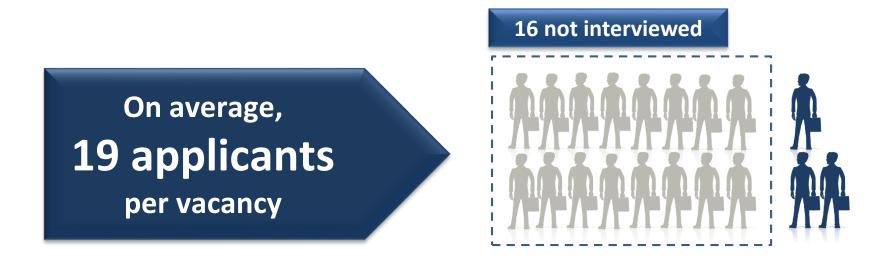
...and most new jobs will also be in services industries

Employment projections, five years to May 2023, Australia



The jobs market in Australia is competitive

Vacancies advertised on the internet or in a newspaper





Source: Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, Survey of Employers Recruitment Experiences, 2018

So, what are employers looking for?



Education & training

Is vital

Study has become increasingly important and Year 12 or equivalent is now the minimum standard

Experience

Is necessary

Many Australian employers want new staff to have experience

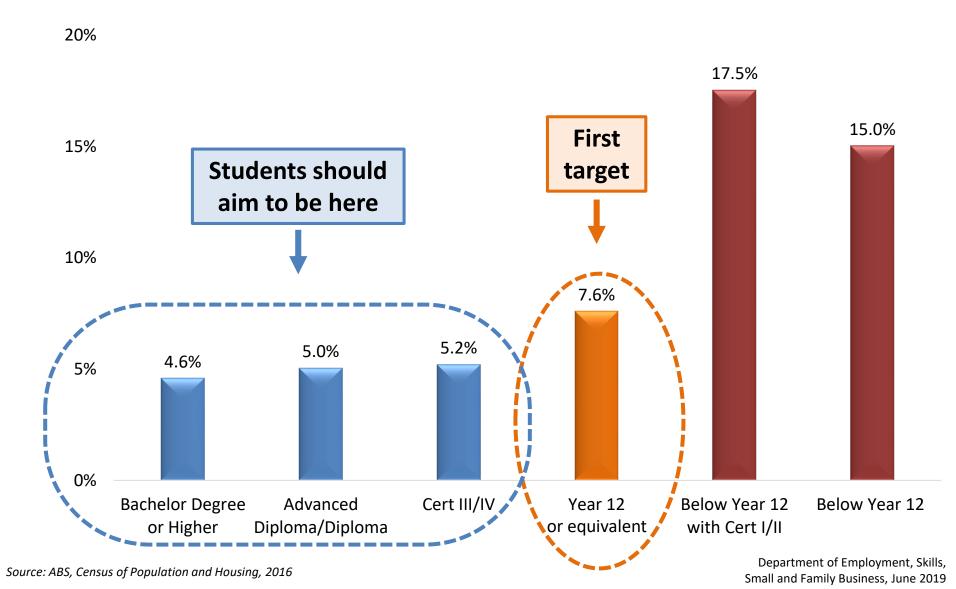
Employability skills

Distinguish the individual

Employers want the RIGHT MATCH for their job/company/product/service

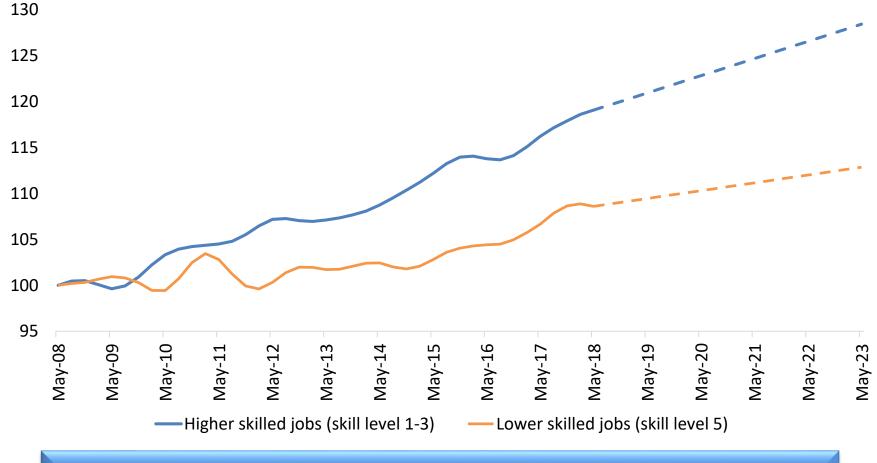
Completing a qualification is vital

Unemployment rate for 25 – 34 year olds, Australia



Employment growth is in jobs requiring post-school study

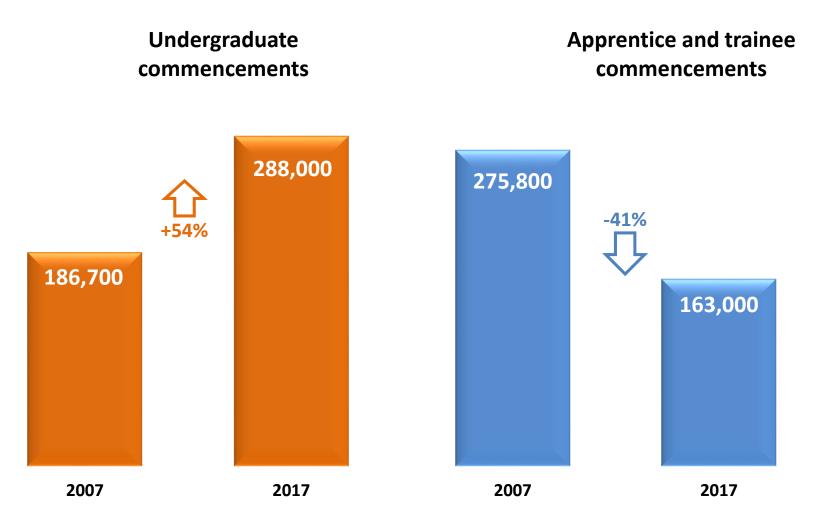
Indexed change in persons employed by skill level



91% of all new jobs will require VET or university qualifications

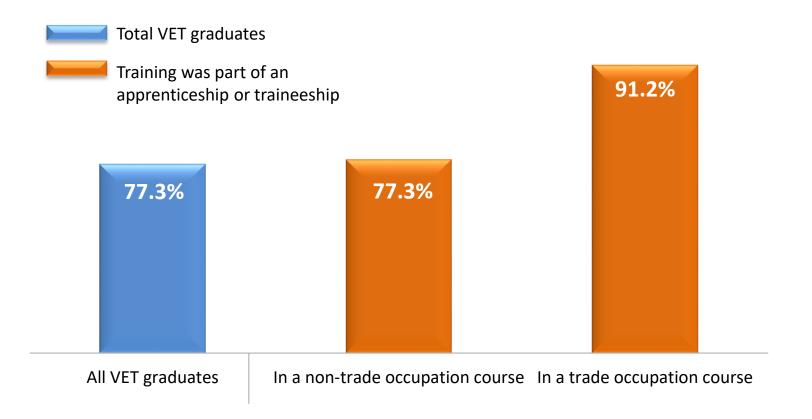
Sources: Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, skill level projections, five years to May 2023

In recent times, there has been a significant shift away from VET...



...but VET has good employment outcomes...

% employed after graduation

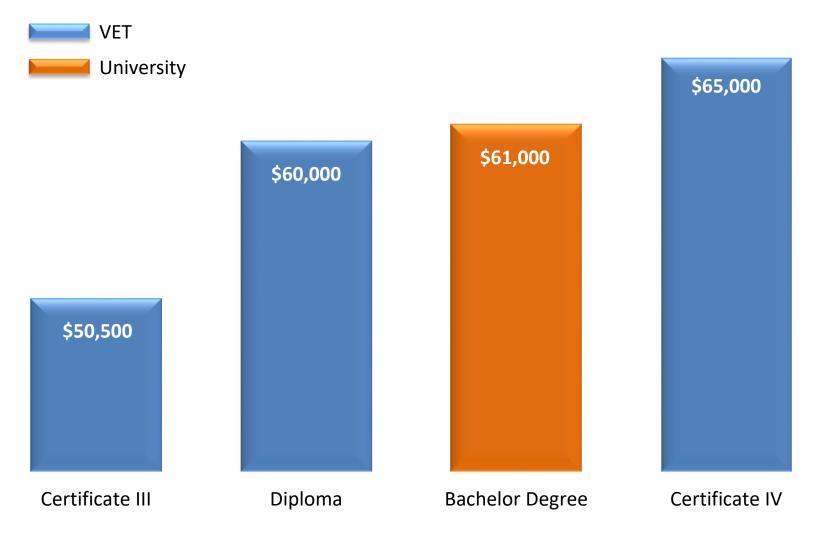


93% of technician and trade occupations are in national shortage

Source: NCVER, VET Student Outcomes, 2018; Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, skill shortages research (based on a set of around 70 consistently assessed occupations)

...and has competitive salaries for graduates

Median annual income of recent graduates employed full-time, 2018



Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, June 2019

Source: QILT, Graduate Outcomes Survey, 2018; NCVER, VET Student Outcomes, 2018

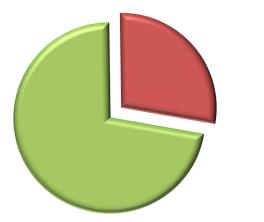
Young people also need work experience



How can young people get experience and make contacts?



Qualifications and experience are only part of the story



72% of employers place at least as much emphasis, if not more, on employability skills than they do on technical skills

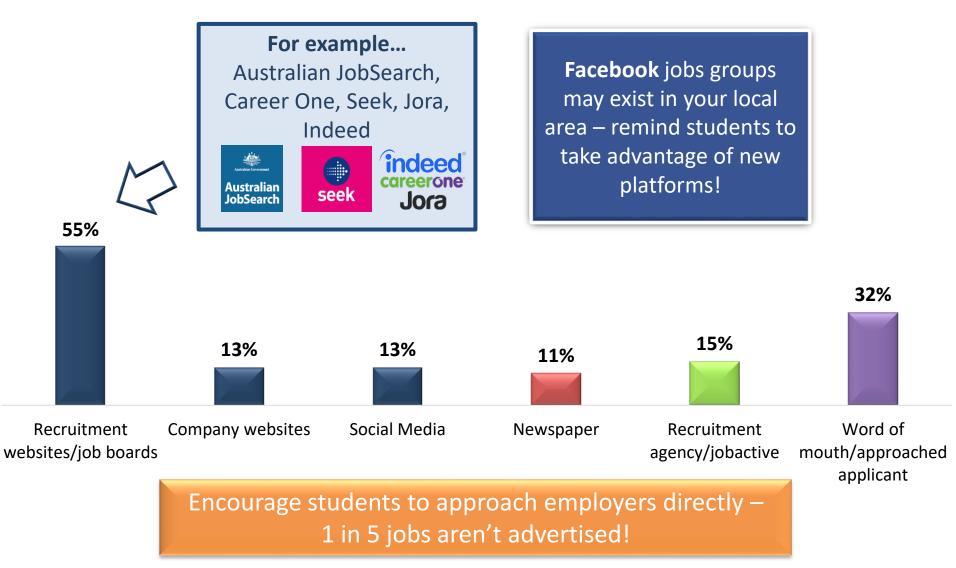
Essential employability skills:

- ✓ Communication & teamwork skills
- ✓ Interpersonal & people skills
- ✓ Creativity & problem solving
- ✓ Adaptability & resilience
- ✓ Reliability & motivation
- ✓ Critical thinking
- ✓ Digital literacy

More than **30%** of all online job ads list **Communication** as an essential skill

Source: Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, Survey of Employers' Recruitment Experiences, 2010; Burning Glass Technologies, all jobs, November 2018 to April 2019; Foundation for Young Australians, The New Basics, April 2016

How employers recruited in Australia, 2018



Note: Employers can select multiple methods of recruitment Source: Department of Employment, Skills, Small and Family Business, Survey of Employers' Recruitment Experiences, 2018

Applying for jobs is a skill that needs to be learned and practised

- Start with a good résumé and application...
 - 1. Show relevant experience and skills
 - 2. Keep it simple and short

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- 3. Check spelling and grammar
- Plan ahead and be ready for the interview...
 - 1. Dress appropriately and be on time
 - 2. Prepare work examples use the **STAR** method



- **Situation** describe the event or situation you were in
- Task explain the task you had to complete
- Action describe how you completed the task in detail
- **Result** share the result of your work and its impact

A final thought...

Occupations where male employment has increased:

- Early Childhood Teachers
- Midwives
- Physiotherapists
- Registered Nurses
- Teachers of English to Speakers of Other Languages

Occupations where female employment has increased:

- Aircraft Maintenance Engineers
- Architects and Landscape Architects
- Bakers and Pastrycooks
- Butchers
- Dentists



Think outside the box

And tailor career advice to *each* student's strengths and abilities

Tools to assist

Websites



jobjumpstart.gov.au/

Publications



australianjobs.jobs.gov.au



Australian Government